

Table 4. Binominal logistic regression predicting reliable change on social, emotional and psychological well-being (MHC-SF)

Variable	β	SE of β	Exp(β) (Odd ratio)	95% CI
LOS (days)	.01	.00	1.01	(1.00, 1.01)
PSA ^a	1.33	.68	3.78	(.99, 14.32)
PS ^b	.24	1.02	1.14	(.17, 9.6)
PS ^c	2.01	2.03	7.61	(.14, 347.09)
Age Group 1 ^d	.20	.63	1.22	(.34, 4.17)
Age Group 2 ^e	.23	.54	1.26	(.41, 3.45)
Gender	.13	.45	1.14	(.47, 2.77)

^a Primary substance of abuse, alcohol is the reference category. ^b Alcohol problem severity. ^c Drug problem severity. Age reference category, 17-29 years. ^d Age Group 1, 30-43 years, ^e Age Group 2, 44-68 years.

Table 5. Binominal logistic regression predicting client perceived assessment of recovery (RAS)

Variable	β	SE of β	Exp(β) (Odd ratio)	95% CI
LOS (days)	.00	.00	1.00	(1.00, 1.01)
PSA ^a	.56	.56	1.75	(.58, 5.28)
PS ^b	1.09	.86	2.97	(.54, 16.22)
PS ^c	.83	1.92	2.30	(.05, 99.60)
Age Group 1 ^d	-.70	.58	.49	(.15, 1.55)
Age Group 2 ^e	-.33	.53	.71	(.25, 2.03)
Gender	-.36	.46	.69	(.27, 1.75)

^a Primary substance of abuse, alcohol is the reference category. ^b Alcohol problem severity. ^c Drug problem severity. Age reference category, 17-29 years. ^d Age Group 1, 30-43 years, ^e Age Group 2, 44-68 years.