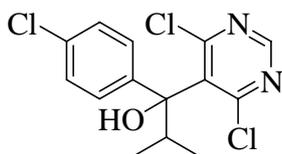


## Supporting Information

### Experimental

The presence of atropisomerism arising from diastereoisomerism is indicated in the  $^{13}\text{C}$  spectra of the relevant compounds with the second isomer being indicated with an asterix (\*).

#### **(4-Chlorophenyl)-1-(4,6-dichloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-2-methyl-1-propanol 5b**



To a cold solution of freshly prepared lithium diisopropylamine [prepared from diisopropylamine (1.01 g, 10.0 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (6.25 ml of 1.6 M) in THF (10 ml) at  $-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ], was added solution of 4,6-

dichloropyrimidine (1.5 g, 10.1 mmol) in THF (10 ml) added at  $-116\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  under nitrogen atmosphere.

After stirring the reaction mixture for one 1 h at the same temperature, isobutyrophenone (1.84 g,

10.1 mmol) was added slowly, and stirring was continued for another 30 min. The reaction mixture

was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride. The organic layer was separated, and the

aqueous layer partitioned with DCM for (3 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were first

washed with dilute HCl, dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and evaporated under reduced pressure. The compound

purified by flash silicagel chromatography (85:15 hexane:ethyl acetate) to give **5b** (1.33 g, 43%) as

a white solid. mp  $93\text{-}95\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 8.58 (1H, s, H2), 7.41 (2H, d,  $J = 8.7$

Hz, ArH2' and 6'), 7.31 (2H, d,  $J = 8.7$  Hz, ArH3' and 5'), 3.54 (1H, m,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.32 (1H, s,

OH), 1.07 (3H, d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 0.93 (d,  $J = 6.6\text{ Hz}$ ,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ :

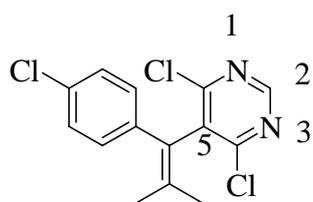
161.2 (C4 and 6), 154.7 (C2), 141.9 (C5), 137.9 (ArC4'), 133.7 (ArC1') 128.4 (ArC2' and 6'),

128.2 (ArC3' and 5'), 82.0 ( $\text{C-OH}$ ), 34.8, ( $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ); 18.5, ( $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ); 17.6, ( $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ). ES-

MS  $m/z$ : 333 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$   $^{37}\text{Cl}$ , 100%), 331 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$ ,  $^{35}\text{Cl}$ , 100); ES-HRMS  $m/z$ : calcd for  $[\text{M}+1]^+$

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}^{35}\text{Cl}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}$  331.0178; found 331.0172.

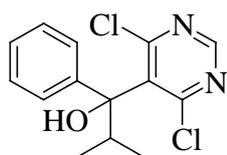
#### **4,6-Dichloro-5-[2-methyl-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-propenyl]pyrimidine 6b**



To a solution of (4-chlorophenyl)-1-(4,6-dichloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-2-methyl-1-propanol **5b** (1.00 g, 3.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 ml) was slowly added thionyl chloride (0.35 g, 3.0 mmol, 0.22 ml). After stirring for 48 h at room temperature (25 °C), water was added slowly.

The organic layer was separated and aqueous layer further partitioned with DCM (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2 x 50 ml), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The resultant residue purified by chromatography on silica (90:10 hexane:ethyl acetate) to give **6b** (0.74 g, 78%) as a white solid. mp 100-103 °C. <sup>1</sup>HNMR (300 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.70 (1H, s, H2), 7.31 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, ArH2' and 6'), 7.22 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, ArH3' and 5'), 1.90 (3H, s, C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.67 (3H, s, (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>)). <sup>13</sup>CNMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 162.1 (C4 and 6), 156.4 (C2), 139.1 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 136.7 (ArC1'), 134.9 (C5), 133.4 (ArC4'), 131.1 (ArC2' and 6'), 128.5 (ArC3' and 5'), 126.7 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 22.3 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 21.7 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>). CI-MS *m/z*: 316 ([M+1]<sup>+</sup> <sup>37</sup>Cl, 20%), 314 ([M+]<sup>+</sup>, <sup>35</sup>Cl, 95), 277 (65), 241 (50), 89 (100); EI-HRMS *m/z*: calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub><sup>35</sup>Cl<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O 311.997811; found 311.998782.

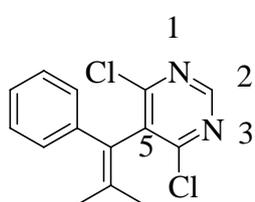
#### ***1-(4,6-Dichloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-2-methyl-1-phenyl-1-propanol 5a***



To a cold solution of freshly prepared lithium diisopropylamine [prepared from diisopropylamine (0.826 g, 8.18 mmol) and *n*-BuLi (.5235 ml of 1.6 M) in THF (10 ml) at -78 °C], was added a solution of 4,6-dichloropyrimidine (1.215 g, 8.20 mmol) was dissolved in THF (5 ml) at -116 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. After stirring the reaction mixture for one 1 h at the same temperature, isobutyrophenone (1.20 g 8.11 mmol) was added slowly, and stirring was continued for another 30 min. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated ammonium chloride. The organic layer was separated, and the aqueous layer partitioned with DCM for (3 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were first washed with dilute HCl, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. The compound purified by flash silicagel chromatography (85:15 hexane:ethyl acetate) to give **5a** (1.0 g, 45%) as a white solid.

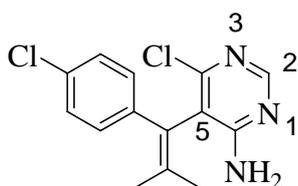
mp 66-68 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 8.56 (s, H2), 7.46 (2H, d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, ArH2' and 6'), 7.35-7.26 (3H, m, ArH3', 4', and 5'), 3.57 (1H, m,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.39 (1H, s, OH), 1.07 (3H, d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 0.95 (3H, d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 161.2 (C4 and 6), 154.7 (C2), 143.4 (C5), 137.9 (ArC1') 128.2 (ArC2' and 6'), 127.8 (ArC4'), 126.7 (ArC3' and 5'), 82.4 (C-OH), 34.8 ( $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 18.5 ( $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ) 17.6 ( $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ). ES-MS  $m/z$ : 299 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$   $^{37}\text{Cl}$ , 65%), 297 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$ ,  $^{35}\text{Cl}$ , 100), 279 (20), 242 (25); ES-HRMS  $m/z$ :  $[\text{M}+1]^+$  calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}^{35}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}$  297.0588; found 297.0561.

#### 4,6-Dichloro-5-(2-methyl-1-phenyl-1-propenyl)pyrimidine **6a**



To a solution of phenyl-1-(4,6-dichloro-4-pyrimidinyl)-2-methyl-1-propanol **5a** (1.00 g, 3.4 mmol) in dichloromethane (10 ml) was slowly added thionyl chloride (0.4 g, 3.4 mmol, 0.25 ml). After stirring for 48 h at room temperature (25 °C) water was added slowly. The organic layer was separated and aqueous layer was further partitioned with DCM (2 x 50 ml). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2 x 50 ml), dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The resultant residue was purified by flash silica gel chromatography (90:10 hexane:ethyl acetate) to give **6a** (0.76 g, 74%) as white solid. mp 73-75 °C.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 8.68 (1H, s, H2), 7.31-7.27 (5H, m, ArH2', 3', 4', 5', and 6'), 1.92 (3H, s,  $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.68 (3H, s, ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ )).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 162.1 (C4 and 6), 156.4 (C2), 138.4 (C5), 138.2 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 135.4 (ArC1'), 129.8 (ArC2' and 6'), 127.8 (ArC3' and 5'), 127.5 (ArC4'), 126.5 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 22.3 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 21.7 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ). CI-MS  $m/z$ : 281 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$   $^{37}\text{Cl}$ , 65%), 279 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$ ,  $^{35}\text{Cl}$ , 100). EI-HRMS  $m/z$ : calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{13}^{35}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2$  279.044452; found 279.045579.

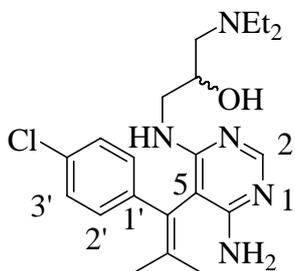
#### 4-Amino-6-chloro-5-[2-methyl-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1-propenyl]pyrimidine **7b**



A suspension of 4,6-dichloro-5-[2-methyl-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-propenyl]pyrimidine **6b** (1.00 g, 3.2 mmol) in aqueous ammonia 20 ml (25%) was heated at 140 °C for 5 h in a glass sealed tube. The reaction mixture was cooled, the solid collected, washed with water and air dried.

Recrystallisation from benzene produced **7b** (0.70 g, 75%) as white crystals, mp 208 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.29 (1H, s, H2), 7.29 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, ArH2' and 6'), 7.19 (2H, s, ArC3' and 5'), 5.23 (2H, s, NH<sub>2</sub>), 1.96 (3H, s, C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.72 (3H, s, C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 162.1 (C6), 158.9 (C4), 157.0 (C2), 139.3 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 137.9 (ArC4'), 130.6 (ArC1'), 130.7 (ArC2' and 6'), 128.7 (ArC3' and 5'), 125.8 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 119.0 (C5), 22.5 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 22.1 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>); ES-MS *m/z*: 294 ([M+1]<sup>+</sup>, <sup>35</sup>Cl, 50%), 260 (40), 241 (30).

***1-[[6-Amino-5-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylpropenyl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-(diethylamino)-2-propanol 1***

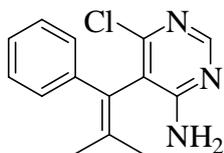


A mixture of 4-amino-6-chloro-5-[2-methyl-1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1-phenyl-1-propenyl]pyrimidine **7b** (0.20 g, 0.7 mmol) and 1-amino-3-diethylamino-2-propanol (2 ml) was heated at 200 °C for 5 h. The reaction mixture was cooled, the gummy residue was treated with

between water and extracted with dichloromethane (3 x 50 ml). The combined organic extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The compound was purified by flash silica gel chromatography (70:20:10 ethyl acetate:methanol:water) affording **1** (0.11 g, 40%) as pale yellow solid. mp 127-129 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.10 (1H, s, H2), 7.27 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, ArH2' and 6'), 7.19 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, ArH3' and 5'), 5.03 (1H, m, NH), 4.63 (2H, m, NH<sub>2</sub>), 3.67 (1H, m, CHOH), 3.63-3.2 (2H, m, NHCH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 2.48 (4H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.35 (2H, m, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.94 (3H, s, C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.76 (3H, s, C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 0.95 (6H, t, CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 159.7 (C6), 159.2 (C4), 156.9 (C2), 139.5 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 139.4\* (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 138.1 (ArC1'), 132.9 (ArC4'), 130.5 (ArC2' and

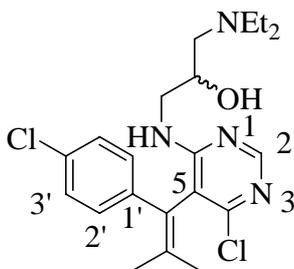
5'), 128.6 (ArC3' and 5'), 128.5\* (ArC3' and 6'), 125.5 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 125.6\* (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 99.9 (C5), 67.1 (CHOH), 66.7\* (CHOH), 56.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 56.4\* (CH<sub>2</sub>CHOH), 47.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 47.0\* (CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 44.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 22.4 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 22.43\* (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 22.1 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 12.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 11.9\* (CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>). CI-MS *m/z*: 404 ([M+1]<sup>+</sup>, <sup>35</sup>Cl, 50%), 370 (15), 317 (15), 275 (60), 85 (100).

#### 4-Amino-6-chloro-5-(2-methyl-1-phenyl-1-propenyl)pyrimidine 7a



A suspension of 4,6-dichloro-5-(2-methyl-1-phenyl-1-propenyl)pyrimidine **6a** (1.00 g, 3.6 mmol) in aqueous ammonia (20 ml) (25%) was heated at 140 °C for 5 h in a glass sealed tube. The reaction was cooled, the solid collected, washed with water and air dried. Recrystallisation from benzene produced **7a** (0.69 g, 74%) as a white crystals. mp 193 °C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.25 (1H, s, H2), 7.33-7.21 (5H, m, ArH2', 3', 4', 5', and 6'), 5.66 (2H, s, NH<sub>2</sub>), 1.96 (3H, s, C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.72 (3H, s, C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 162.5 (C6), 158.6 (C4), 156.7 (C2), 138.8 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 138.5 (C5) 130.4 (ArC2' and 6'), 128.4 (ArC3' and 5'), 127.4 (ArC4'), 126.9 (ArC1'), 118.8 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 99.9 (C5), 22.5 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 22.1 (C=C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>). ES-MS *m/z*: 262 ([M+1]<sup>+</sup> <sup>37</sup>Cl, 65%), 260([M+1]<sup>+</sup>, <sup>35</sup>Cl, 100);

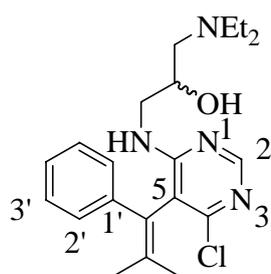
#### 1-[[6-Chloro-5-[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-methylpropenyl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-(diethylamino)-2-propanol 8b



A suspension of 4,6-dichloro-5-(2-methyl-1-phenyl-1-propenyl)pyrimidine **6a** (1.00 g, 3.2 mmol), 1-amino-3-diethylamino-2-propanol (2.33 g, 16.0 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.44 g, 3.2 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was heated at 160 °C for 12 h in a sealed glass reaction tube. The mixture was cooled, and the THF was evaporated to dryness. The residue was partitioned between water and dichloromethane (3 x 50 ml). The

combined organic extracts were dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$  and concentrated, and purified by flash silicagel column chromatography (80: 20 ethyl acetate: methanol) to yield **8b** (0.98 g, 73%) as a white hygroscopic solid.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 8.25 (1H, s, H2), 7.30 (2H, d,  $J = 8.7$  Hz, ArH2' and 6'), 7.24 (2H, d,  $J = 8.7$  Hz, ArH3' and 5'), 6.05 (1H, t,  $J = 5.7$  Hz, NH), 4.10 (1H, m,  $\text{CHOH}$ ), 3.77-3.39 (2H, m,  $\text{NHCH}_2\text{CHOH}$ ), 2.99 (4H, m,  $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 2.92-2.47 (2H, m,  $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.93 (3H, s,  $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.72 (3H, s,  $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.12 (6H, t,  $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 161.3 (C6), 161.2\* (C6), 157.3 (C4), 156.4 (C2), 156.3\* (ArC2), 140.5 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 140.2\* ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 137.0 (ArC1'), 137.2 (C5), 133.0 (ArC4'), 130.8 (ArC2' and 6'), 130.83\* (ArC2' and 6'), 128.42 (ArC3' and 6'), 128.40\* (ArC3' and 6'), 125.1 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 124.93\* ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 65.8 ( $\text{CHOH}$ ), 56.4 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{CHOH}$ ), 56.3\* ( $\text{CH}_2\text{CHOH}$ ), 48.2 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 44.8 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 44.6\* ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 22.13 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 22.1\* ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 21.8 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 21.7\* ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 9.5 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 9.4\* ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ); ES-MS  $m/z$ : 425 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$   $^{37}\text{Cl}$ , 65%), 423 ( $[\text{M}+1, ^{35}\text{Cl}]^+$ , 100). ES-HRMS  $m/z$ : calcd for  $[\text{M}+1]^+$   $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{29}^{35}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_4\text{O}$  423.1723; found 423.1718.

### **1-[[6-Chloro-5-[1-phenyl-2-methylpropenyl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-3-(diethylamino)-2-propanol 8a**



A suspension of 4,6-dichloro-5-(2-methyl-1-phenyl-1-propenyl)pyrimidine **6a** (1.00 g, 3.6 mmol), 1-amino-3-diethylamino-2-propanol (2.62 g, 18.0 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.50 g, 3.6 mmol) in THF (20 ml) was heated at 160 °C for 12 h in a sealed glass reaction tube. The mixture was cooled, and the THF was evaporated to dryness. The residue was

partitioned between water and dichloromethane (3 x 50 ml). The combined organic extracts were dried over  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , concentrated, and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography using (80: 20 ethyl acetate: methanol) to yield **8a** (1.00 g, 72%) as a colourless gummy substance.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 8.23 (1H, s, H2), 7.32-29 (5H, m, ArH2', 3', 4', 5', and 6'), 4.09 (1H, m,  $\text{CHOH}$ ), 3.73-3.33 (2H, m,  $\text{NHCH}_2\text{CHOH}$ ), 2.99 (4H, m,  $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 2.80-2.40 (2H, m,

$\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ , 2.00 (3H, s,  $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.92 (3H, s,  $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.15 (6H, t,  $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  162.4 (C6), 161.95\* (C6), 161.6 (C4), 161.4\* (C4), 156.2 (C2), 156.1\* (C2), 139.3 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 139.0 (ArC1'), 138.9 (C5), 127.7 (ArC2' and 6'), 127.0\* (ArC2' and 6'), 126.3 (ArC3' and 5'), 125.4 (ArC4'), 124.3 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 63.3 ( $\text{CHOH}$ ), 60.5 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{CHOH}$ ), 55.7 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 44.9 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 44.8\* ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 21.4 ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 21.3\* ( $\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 8.8 ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 8.7\* ( $\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3)_2$ ); CI-MS  $m/z$ : 391 ( $[\text{M}+1]^+$   $^{37}\text{Cl}$ , 70%), 389 ( $[\text{M}+1, ^{35}\text{Cl}]^+$ , 100). EI-HRMS  $m/z$ : calcd for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_4\text{O}^{35}\text{Cl}$  389.2113; found 389.2120.

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of **1**, showing doubling of (most) peaks, arising from diastereoisomerism with one of the stereochemical elements due to atropisomerism.

```

nry040520_target_C13
Archive directory: /export/home/keller/vnmr/sys/data
Sample directory:
Pulse Sequence: s2bu1
Solvent: CDCl3
Temp: 25.0 C / 298.1 K
File: nry040520_target_C13
INOVA-500 "wathrich"
Relax. delay 1.000 sec
Pulse 45.0 degrees
Acq. time 1.615 sec
Width 18867.9 Hz
256 repetitions
SMA 1.000 sec
SMA CH3, 5.4134102 MHz
DECUPLE H1, 239.3175188 MHz
Power 40 dB
continuously on
WALTZ-16 modulated
DATA PROCESSING
Line broadening 1.0 Hz
FT size 331072
Total time 12 min, 2 sec
  
```

