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The diet that works

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If your New Years' resolution diet just didn't work then try this. A healthy common sense approach is the best diet, say Dr Yasmine Probst and Rebecca Thorne as it will reap long term losses.

Was your New Year's resolution to lose weight? Has this been a resolution that you repeat year after year with little success? Losing weight can take some time and needs to be approached carefully so that it does not cause long term health problems. Many people are looking for a quick fix and turn to the latest diet craze in the media. The word 'diet' is often associated with this need to lose weight. Many diets exist though not all are good for you. The most common goal of many 'diets' is fast, weight loss with minimal effort. This type of weight loss, however, is often water loss and is quickly regained once you return to your normal eating patterns.
Make your diet work

You may have read about diets such as the Southbeach, Atkins or Zone. Celebrities often use these in preparation for their next movie role, creating a new hype. Each of these diets will help you to lose weight if followed correctly but can also have some very negative consequences.

Both the Zone and Atkins diets focus on low carbohydrate intake while the Zone addresses the ratio of protein to carbohydrate at each meal. They often cut out whole food groups which means you miss out on some very important nutrients (often Calcium which is needed for bone strength). These diets have been shown to negatively affect cholesterol levels and put you at greater risk of cardiovascular disease or even having a heart attack.

In recent years, the use of meal replacements has become a popular means for losing weight. Meal replacements are used to replace 1-2 meals per day and are commonly sold as a drink, powder or snack bar which has had a number of different nutrients added to it. Some research has shown that individuals can achieve weight loss using meal replacements but there is little evidence to support maintenance of this weight loss after stopping the use of the products or their use long-term.

There are some diets that have been developed as a result of research. The CSIRO Total Wellbeing Diet for example is one of these. Although a higher protein intake is recommended, the balance of the different food groups is better for your health. The Total Wellbeing Diet, however, is still a diet which means that you are making big changes to your food intake and in your day to day routine.

It is important to remember that different diet strategies and methods will work for different people – you just have to find what works for you. But, everybody should consume a balance of food groups including healthy food choices.

For help with losing weight you can visit an Accredited Practising Dietitian who will work with you on your specific goals. If you are unsure about your current health and fitness levels, check with your GP before undertaking any new vigorous physical activity or exercise regimes.

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